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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/648,494	08/25/2003	Etan S. Chatlynne	ETH-5040	4244
7590 01/29/2007 Ralph W. Selitto, Jr. McCarter & English Four Gateway Center 100 Mulberry Street Newark, NJ 07102			EXAMINER	
			ADAMS, AMANDA S	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3731	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		01/29/2007	PAPER	

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/648,494	CHATLYNNE ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
•		Amanda Adams	3731			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
Period fo	• •	V.0.057.70.5VDID5.4MONTH	(O) OD THIDTY((O) DAYO			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuting the received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of terms adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed the state of the	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	4		*			
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 f	November 2006.				
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	is action is non-final.				
3)	, <del> _</del>					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims	·	· •			
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-</u> is/are pending in the application.					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>41</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠	5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>39-41</u> is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	∑ Claim(s) 1-8, 24-27, 30-35 is/are rejected.					
7)🛛	☑ Claim(s) <u>9-23,28,29 and 36-38</u> is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	examiner. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		•			
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).			
a)[	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:					
	<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> </ol>					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachmen	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate			
3) Information Paper	Patent Application					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 27, and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kay (US 5,662,683).
- 3. Regarding **claims 1 and 33**, Kay discloses the invention substantially as claimed including a winding means capable of winding a suture or cord around a helical member in a helical path such that the suture is attached to at least one turn of the helical member (fig. 6).
- 4. Regarding **claims 2 and 3**, Kay discloses a casing in which the winding means is rotatably mounted to the casing, and that is sized and shaped to be gripped by a surgeon ([34]).
- 5. **Regarding claim 27**, Kay discloses a supporting means for supporting the helical member during the winding of the suture around the helical member (fig. 7 [42]).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Art Unit: 3731

- 6. Claims 4-7 and 24-26, 34, and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Kay (US 5,662,683) in view of Nunez (US 5,232,204).
- 7. **Regarding claims 4, 24, and 34,** Kay discloses that the winding means is a winding tube rotatable about an axis and movable in an axial direction in response to its rotational movement (col. 4, lines 49-55). As the winding tube is rotated, the helical anchor is driven into tissue, which causes the winding tube to also move closer to the surface of the tissue, which means that it moves in an axial direction.
- 8. However, in the alternative that the applicant argues that the winding tube in the device of Kay does not have to move in a longitudinal or axial direction in response to its rotation, Nunez teaches an inner tube with helical threads formed thereon (24) and an outer tube (12) with helical threads to mate with those threads of the inner tube, wherein upon rotation of the tube, the tube is moveable in an axial direction. The application of the screw threads provides additional control over the amount of longitudinal movement. Therefore it would have been obvious to combine the threads of Nunez with the device of Kay.
- 9. Regarding claims 5-7, 25, 26, and 35, Kay discloses a winding tube that includes securing means for securing at least one portion of the suture thereto so as to cause the suture to wind about the helical member that is a groove in the winding tube that is angled in a direction opposite to the direction of the winding tubes' rotation and that is capable of receiving at least one portion of the suture therein (fig. 7, groove [44] is angled longitudinally along the tube, and the axis of rotation is along this same

Application/Control Number: 10/648,494

Art Unit: 3731

longitudinal axis, which means that the direction of rotation is perpendicular to, and therefore opposite to, the groove).

- 10. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kay (US 5,662,683) in view of Nunez (US 5,232,204).
- 11. Regarding claim 8, see discussion regarding claim 4 for a full explanation.
- 12. Claims 30-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kay (US 5,662,683) in view of Jervis (WO 00/28902).
- 13. Regarding claim 30, Kay discloses the invention substantially as claimed including a support rod extending from the distal end of the winding means, but fails to disclose that the support rod extends through the winding means. However, Jervis teaches a support rod (fig. 6 [20]) that extends through the winding means ([10]). This provides stabilizing support as it does not have to rotate with the winding tube and improves deployment of the helical member. Therefore it would have been obvious have the support rod of Kay extend all the way through the winding tube instead of extending only from the distal end.
- 14. **Regarding claim 31**, Kay further discloses that the support rod portion of the winding tube has a distal end shaped and sized to engage the helical member by a friction fit (fig. 7, [42], [44], and [17]). Therefore, if the device of Kay is modified such that this support rod is a distinguishable component from the winding tube, then it would have been obvious for it to have this same friction fit size and shape.
- 15. **Regarding claim 32**, the length of the support rod can be lengthened to accommodate additional helical members. See In re Harza, 274 F. 2d 669, 124 USQP

Art Unit: 3731

378 (CCPA 1960). The modification of the length of this device to accommodate additional parts does not change the function of the device. Therefore it would have been obvious to make this modification.

## Allowable Subject Matter

- 16. Claims 9-23 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 17. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: None of the prior art, alone or in combination discloses or suggests all of the limitations of claim 9. The closest prior art of Bolduc et al (US 5,824,008) teaches gears operated by an actuator, however the winding tube would no longer be moveable in an axial direction in response to its rotation if these gears were added to the device of Kay. Claims 10-23 are depending from claim 9 and therefore are also indicated as allowable subject matter.
- 18. Claims 28 and 29 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 19. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: No combination of references discloses or teaches the device substantially as claimed. Adding the guide tube of Jervis with a spiral member on the end of the guide

Application/Control Number: 10/648,494 Page 6

Art Unit: 3731

tube teaches away from the guide tube being rotatably mounted in the winding means as taught by Kay in view of Nunez, because it would move axially upon rotation, and the device of Jervis does not permit that motion.

- 20. Claims 36-38 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Claims 37 and 38 are contain allowable subject matter for the same reasons as claims 28 and 29, in addition to the following:
- 21. The guide tube of Jervis is not moveable in an axial direction relative to the winding tube. To have it moveable axially would change the function of the device of Jervis. Claim 38's subject matter is allowable because it depends from claim 37.
- 22. Claims 39-41 are allowed.
- 23. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: None of the prior art discloses using a device with the structure of claims 39-41 for the method of winding a suture about a helical member. The closest relevant prior art is Collier et al (US 2003/0195562), which discloses that a suture is wrapped about a coiled helical member, but does not disclose the method of how. Craig (US 6,626,917) discloses that a thread is pulled along a helical path, but not that it is wrapped around the helical member. Kay does not disclose the use of sutures. Claims 40 and 41 are allowable because they are dependent from claim 39.

Response to Arguments

Application/Control Number: 10/648,494 Page 7

Art Unit: 3731

24. Applicant's arguments, filed on 11/6/06 with respect to claims 1, 33, and 39 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection has been made as described above.

25. Amendments to the objections regarding claim 2 as well as the claim numbering have been considered and the objections by the examiner have been withdrawn.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amanda Adams whose telephone number is (571) 272-5577. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:00am-5:00pm, alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anhtuan Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-4963. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/648,494

Art Unit: 3731

Page 8

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ASA ASA 1/18/07

GLENN K. DAWSON PRIMARY EX